
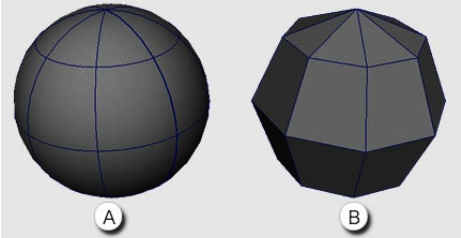
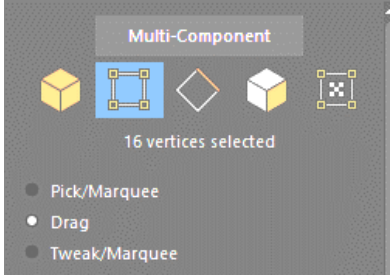


CORNELL NOTES – GRAPHICS FOR GAME DEVELOPMENT

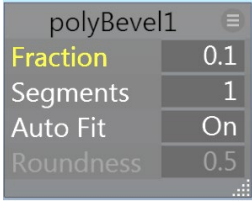




































	Topic/Objective: Lesson 2: Polygonal Modeling	Name:
		Class/Period:
		Date:

Lesson Objective:

To understand why we use Polygonal Models over NURBS as well as how to model these mesh objects using a variety of tools from the Modeling Toolbox

Questions:	Notes/Answers/Definitions/Examples/Sentences:
	<p><u>Modeling in Maya</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>NURBS Modeling:</u> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Considered a <u>patch-based modeling system</u> b. Consists of <u>curves</u> rather than <u>straight lines</u> c. You can get the same amount of <u>curvature</u> for a lot less detail d. So why don't we just use these objects for game design art? <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Less detail means there's less <u>flexibility</u> <div style="text-align: right; margin-top: 10px;">  <p style="font-size: small; text-align: center;">Nurbs sphere(a) and polygon sphere(b) with the same number of points.</p> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Polygonal Modeling:</u> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Most common geometry type used in 3D b. You know by now they are made up of <u>vertexes, edges, and faces.</u> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Of the three, the viewer can only see the <u>edges.</u> c. Downside: individual faces are always just <u>flat planes</u> which can in turn make the object look <u>unreal</u> d. To fix this and smooth out the areas: <u>add more polygons!</u> <p><u>Ways to Add Polygonal Models</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use the <u>Poly Modeling</u> tab in the <u>Shelf</u> 2. Menu Commands: <u>Create > Polygon Primitives</u> 3. Add primitives interactively by checking <u>Interactive Primitives</u> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Allows you to <u>manually adjust</u> the size of primitives during creation <p><u>Working with the Modeling Toolkit</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Top portion gives you various ways to select <u>the object, it's vertices, edges, and/or faces</u> • Multi-Component <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Let's you select any combination of the vertices, edges, and/or faces • Instead of holding your <u>SHIFT</u> to select multiple vertices/edges/faces, click the <u>Drag</u> feature instead <div style="text-align: right; margin-top: 10px;">  </div>

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When you activate many of the following tools below, you will see the In-View Editor show up on your screen <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contains lots of options for that particular tool 								
									
	<p>1. Mesh</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td> Combine</td> <td><u>Joins the selected polygon objects into one</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td> Separate</td> <td><u>Divides the selected polygon back to it's original shells</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td> Smooth</td> <td><u>Subdivides a polygon object; allows you to control the number of divisions it has</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td> Boolean</td> <td> <u>Modeling with polygonal objects (union, difference, intersection)</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Must have at least (2) objects selected The order of objects you select makes a difference on how these objects are modeled </td> </tr> </table>	 Combine	<u>Joins the selected polygon objects into one</u>	 Separate	<u>Divides the selected polygon back to it's original shells</u>	 Smooth	<u>Subdivides a polygon object; allows you to control the number of divisions it has</u>	 Boolean	<u>Modeling with polygonal objects (union, difference, intersection)</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Must have at least (2) objects selected The order of objects you select makes a difference on how these objects are modeled
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	<p>Add this tool:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>Create Polygon – creates a custom polygon mesh that can be later used with the Extrude Tool to turn into a 3d Object</u> 								

